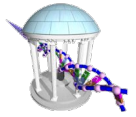


# BCB 716 - Sequence Analysis



- A combined problem set 1 and 2 will go out on Thursday
- Your course logins should work now
- Password is your PID

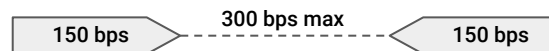
DNA Variant Calling and Analysis

# From last time



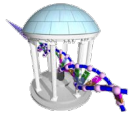
- **Aligners generate SAM files**

- An attempt is made to find the closest match for a given read, or read-pair to a reference
- Alignments are performed independently and in parallel
- SAM files include
  - the original sequence and quality string from the FASTQ file
  - Initially read pairs are considered together
    - Alignment tolerances
    - Opposite strands
    - Must satisfy a maximum gap distance
  - A placement of the first base that is "normalized" to reference orientation
  - An alignment represented as a CIGAR string
  - Various alignment scores (edit distances, etc.)



- **SAM files are a lot to interpret**

- Statistics provide a rough idea
- Localized analysis provides more insights



# SAM to BAM

- SAM files tend to be large and difficult to index and manipulate
- Converted into Binary Alignment Maps (BAM files)
- This is done using a toolset called SAMtools
- First to convert a SAM file to a BAM file

```
$ samtools view -S -b CC053.sam -o CC053.bam
$ ls -l CC053.*
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx 5.1G Nov  8 14:57 CC053.bam
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx  24G Nov  8 14:22 CC053.sam
```

- BAM files are smaller, and not simply text, making them easier to search

```
$ samtools view CC053.bam | head -1
A00434:231:H2K7FDSX2:1:1101:10529:1157 99      14      55067154      42
100M      =      55067503      449
GGCTGGAGATGGGGCTGGAGAAGGCGGCTGATCAGGGCTTTCTGAGGGCTCCCTGGAGCCCTCGACTGGCGCCAGGGAAGG
CTCAAGAGGAGGATCTGGG
FFFFFFFF:FFFFFFFF:FFFFFFFFFFFF:FFFFFFFFFFFFFF:FFFFFF:FFFF:FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF:FF
FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF AS:i:-5 XN:i:0 XM:i:1 XO:i:0 XG:i:0 NM:i:1
MD:Z:77G22 YS:i:-4 YT:Z:CP
```

# Sorted and Indexed BAMs

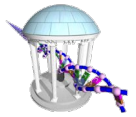


- The reads in a BAM file are roughly in the order they can out of the sequencer
- SAM tools provides a tool to sort the reads genomically

```
$ samtools sort CC053.bam -o CC053.sorted.bam
$ ls -l CC053.*
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx 5.1G Nov  8 14:57 CC053.bam
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx  24G Nov  8 14:22 CC053.sam
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx 3.0G Nov  8 15:11 CC053.sorted.bam
```

- BAM files are even smaller, nearby sequences overlap and compress better
- Last of all we build an index so that the BAM file is easier to search/load

```
$ samtools index CC053.sorted.bam
$ ls -l CC053.*
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx 5.1G Nov  8 14:57 CC053.bam
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx  24G Nov  8 14:22 CC053.sam
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx 3.0G Nov  8 15:11 CC053.sorted.bam
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mcmillan its_faculty_psx 3.0M Nov  8 15:18 CC053.sorted.bam.bai
```



# Exercise

Go to the following website:

<https://ondemand.rc.unc.edu>

You will need to authenticate with your ONYEN

Eventually you will get here:

Click here and pick:

longleaf Desktop



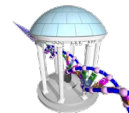
## Welcome to OnDemand, a Data Science platform and portal to Longleaf

March 2020 — Open OnDemand **BETA**

OnDemand provides a web-based interface to the Longleaf compute cluster with interactive apps such as Jupyter Notebooks, R Studio, Matlab, Stata, and more. These interactive apps allow you to work directly with your files on ITS-RC systems such as your home directory and `/proj`.

*Note about interactive apps:*

# Wait here for a few seconds



Home / My Interactive Sessions

- Interactive Apps
- Desktops
  - longleaf Desktop
  - Gromacs Desktop
- GUIs
  - 3D Slicer
  - COMSOL
  - FSL
  - Firefox
  - Freeview

**longleaf Desktop** (32829743) 1 node | 1 core | Running

Host: [c1304ood02.ll.unc.edu](https://c1304ood02.ll.unc.edu) Delete

Created at: 2021-11-09 08:36:05 EST

Time Remaining: 9 hours and 9 minutes

Session ID: 89822427-131b-4ea6-a18d-2c84b97cc255

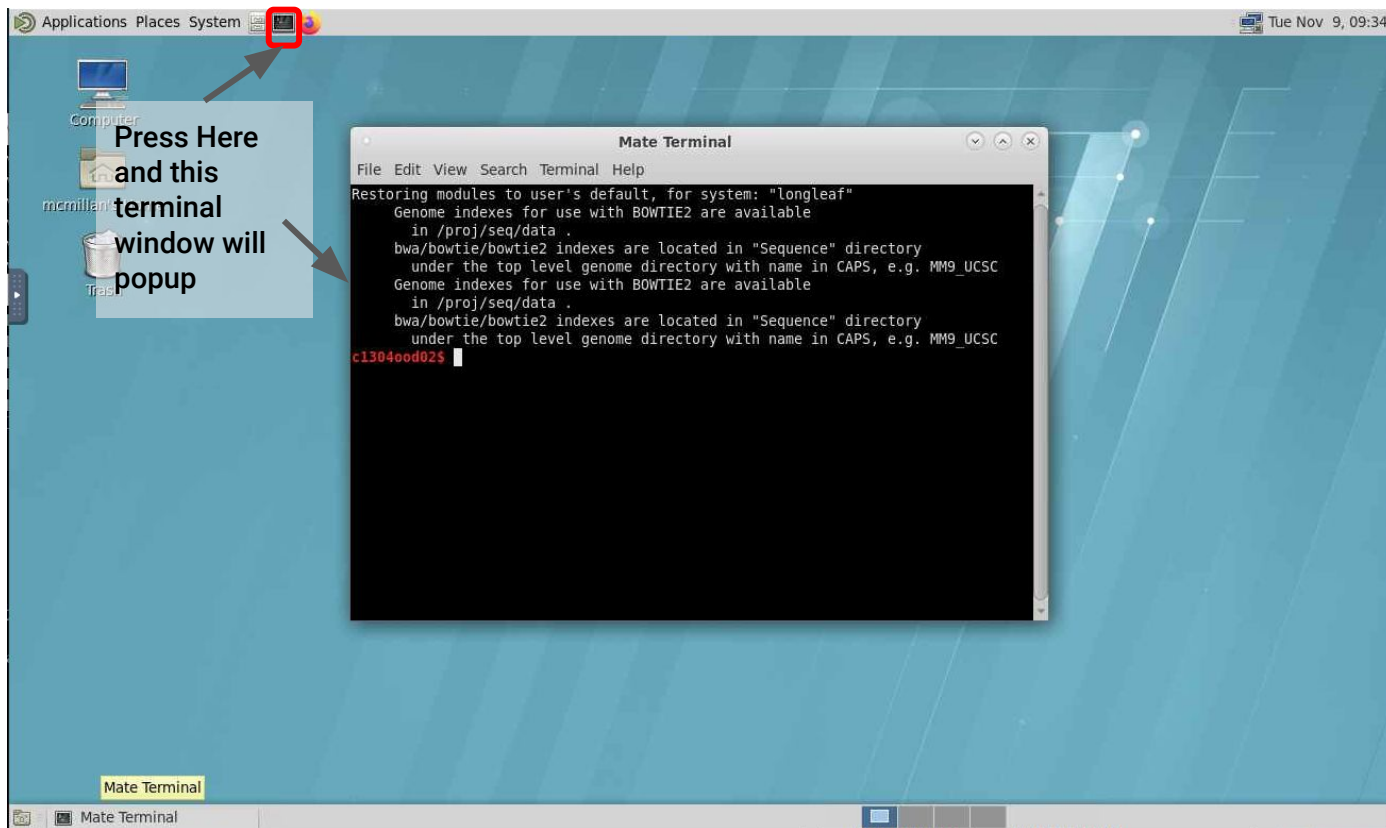
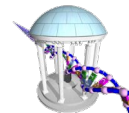
Compression Image Quality

0 (low) to 9 (high) 0 (low) to 9 (high)

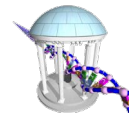
Launch longleaf Desktop View Only (Share-able Link)

↑  
Wait for this button to appear.  
Then press it

# Eventually you'll get here



# Now type a few commands at the command line



- Install an initial set of bioinformatic modules:

```
$ cp /proj/mcmillanlab/BCB716F21/loadModules .  
$ loadModules  
$ module list
```

Currently Loaded Modules:

```
1) samtools/1.9      3) bowtie2/2.4.1    5) minimap2/2.17  
2) bwa-mem2/2.2.1   4) igv/2.8.7
```

- Today we'll discuss IGV



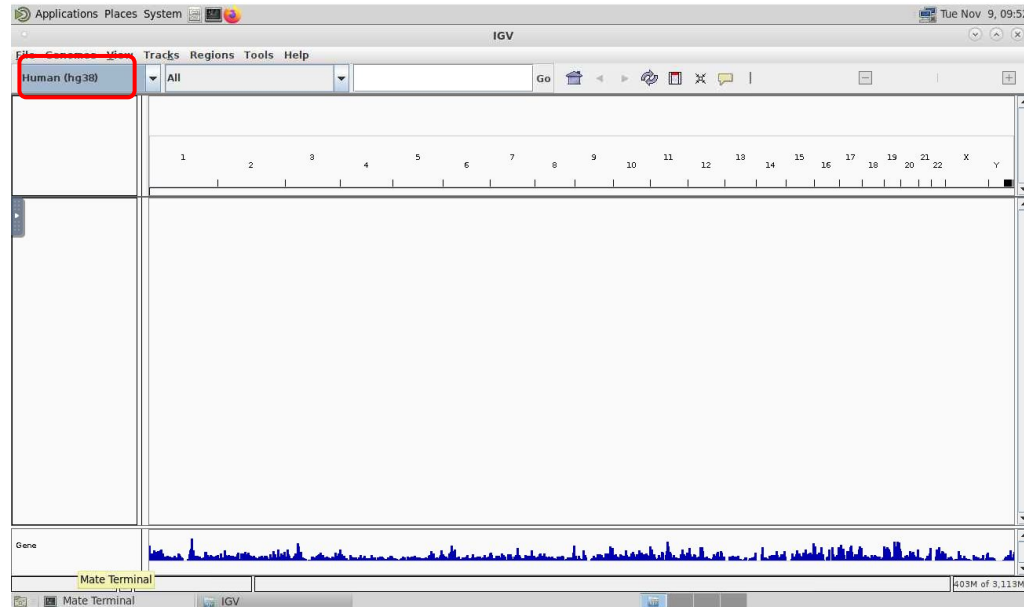


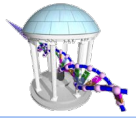
# Integrative Genomics Viewer (IGV)

- I typed:  
`$ igv & #` starts the viewer as a background process
- After some machinations, and maximizing

First, you'll need to make sure you are using the correct genome.

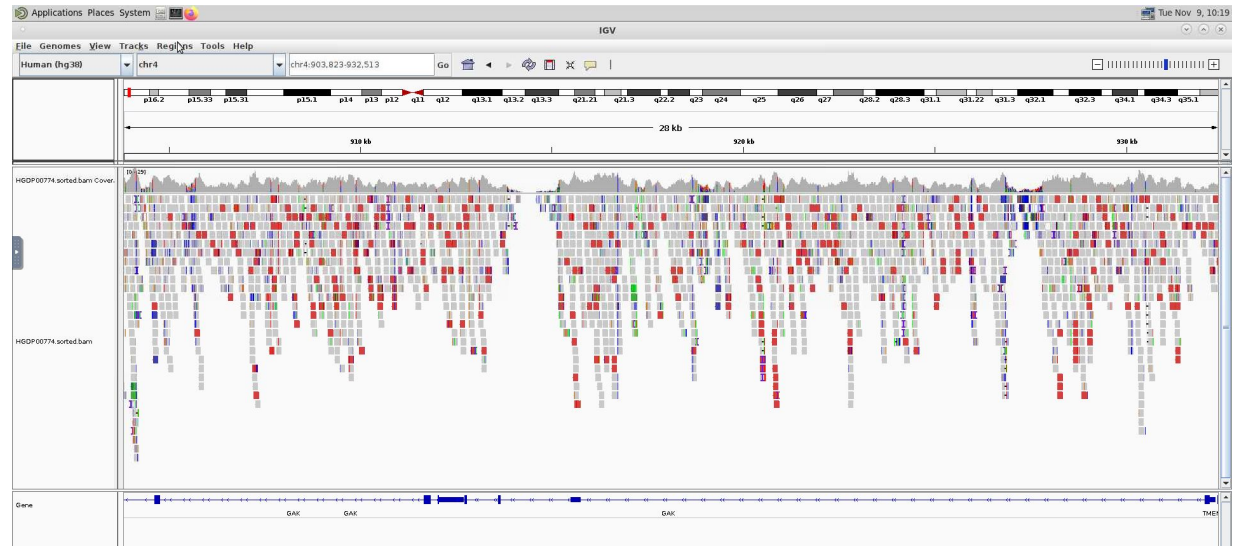
I'll use Human (hg38)



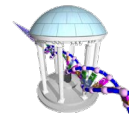


# Visualizing BAM files

- The Interactive Genome Viewer (IGV) is a standard tool for visualizing sorted BAM files with index files
- You won't see any reads until you get to a window smaller than 30 kb (configurable, but)
- Coverage above
- Alignments below



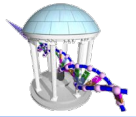
# Visualizing BAM files



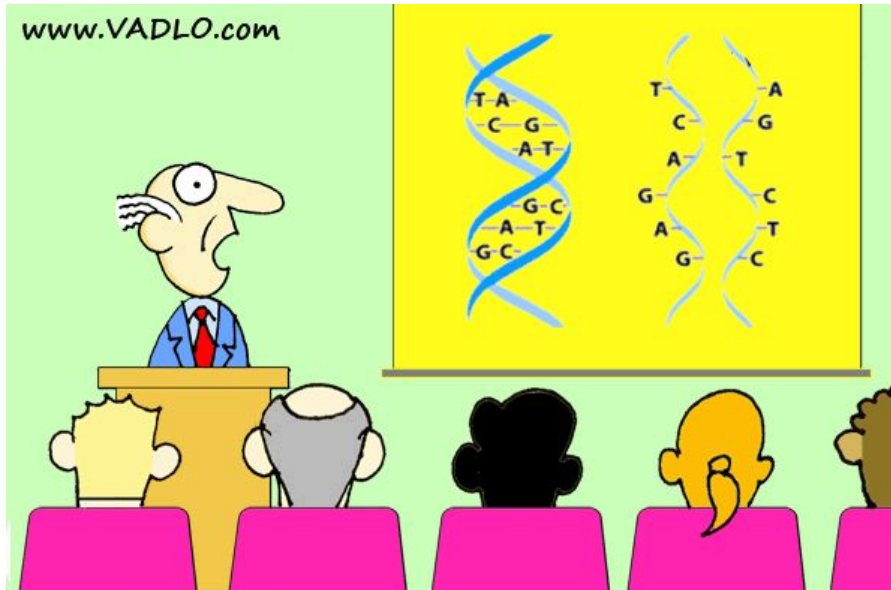
- The reads are labelled with variants and INDELS that differ from the reference
- Red reads are separated from mates by a larger gap than expected



# Next Time



## Visualizing, Interpreting, and Analyzing Alignment outputs



“Then Crick asked me,  
‘Watson, should we name them A,C,T,G or A,B,C,D?’”